

City of Baltimore

Mayor's Office of Information Technology
Biennial Financial Audit for
Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2015 and 2016

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Joan M. Pratt, Comptroller and Other Members of the Board of Estimates of the City of Baltimore, Maryland

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, of the Mayor's Office of Information Technology (the Agency), an agency of the primary government of the City of Baltimore, Maryland, which comprise the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Encumbrances, and Changes in Fund Balance, Budget and Actual, Budgetary Basis, General Fund; Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Encumbrances, and Changes in Fund Balance, Budget and Actual, Budgetary Basis, Municipal Communication Fund; Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance, Capital Projects; and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Grant Cash Balances, for the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Agency's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the cash basis of accounting described in Note 3; this includes determining that the cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the revenues collected and expenses paid for governmental activities, of the Agency, for the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2016 in accordance with the cash basis of accounting described in Note 3.

Basis of Accounting

The financial statements are prepared on the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the Unites States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Management has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report, dated January 19, 2018, on our consideration of the Agency's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Agency's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Robert L. McCarty, Jr., CPA

City Auditor January 19, 2018

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Encumbrances, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual – Budgetary Basis – General Fund For Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2015 and 2016

Fiscal Year 2015

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
Revenues:			
Appropriation Revenues	\$ 36,201,063	\$ 31,771,508	\$ 4,429,555
Expenditures and Encumbrances:			
Administration	1,536,431	1,109,372	427,058
IT Application Support Services	8,611,123	8,089,760	521,364
Call Center Services	17,995,313	17,901,234	94,079
IT Infrastructure Support Services	8,058,195	4,671,142	3,387,054
Total expenditures and encumbrances	36,201,063	31,771,508	4,429,555
Excess of Revenues over Expenditures and Encumbrances (GAAP)			
•	-	-	97.0
Beginning Budgetary Fund Balance		0.40	-
Ending Budgetary fund Balance	<u> </u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ -

Fiscal Year 2016

Revenues:	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
Appropriation Revenues	\$ 34,266,662	\$ 30,149,303	\$ 4,117,359
Expenditures and Encumbrances:			
Administration	1,281,601	2,677,393	(1,395,792)
IT Application Support Services	9,051,648	6,101,693	2,949,955
Call Center Services	16,422,895	16,925,458	(502,563)
IT Infrastructure Support Services	7,510,517	4,444,759	3,065,759
Total expenditures and encumbrances	34,266,662	30,149,303	4,117,359
Excess of Revenues over Expenditures and Encumbrances (GAAP) Beginning Budgetary Fund Balance	-	-	-
Ending Budgetary fund Balance	\$	\$ -	\$ -

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, Encumbrances, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual – Budgetary Basis – Municipal Communication Fund For Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2015 and 2016

	Fiscal Year 2015				
	Budget	Actual	Variance		
Revenues:					
Appropriation Revenue	\$ 8,936,848	\$ 4,262,358	\$ 4,674,489		
Expenditures and Encumbrances:					
Salaries and Wages	610,789	320,194	290,595		
Other Personnel Cost	219,315	204,394	14,921		
Contractual Services	4,514,811	3,784,383	730,428		
Minor Equipment	3,357,973	108,913	3,249,060		
Major Equipment	233,960	· -	233,960		
Total expenditures and encumbrances	8,936,848	4,417,884	4,518,963		
Deficency of Revenues over Expenditures and					
Encumbrances (GAAP)		\$ (155,526)	\$ 155,526		
	Budget	Fiscal Year 2016			
•		Actual	Variance		
Revenues:	2.02500	Actual	Variance		
Revenues: Appropriation Revenue	\$ 9,332,922	* 4,711,536	Variance \$ 4,621,386		
	•				
Appropriation Revenue	•				
Appropriation Revenue Expenditures and Encumbrances:	\$ 9,332,922	\$ 4,711,536	\$ 4,621,386		
Appropriation Revenue Expenditures and Encumbrances: Salaries and Wages	\$ 9,332,922 327,678	\$ 4,711,536 361,634	\$ 4,621,386		
Appropriation Revenue Expenditures and Encumbrances: Salaries and Wages Other Personnel Cost	\$ 9,332,922 327,678 105,873	\$ 4,711,536 361,634 116,351	\$ 4,621,386 (33,956) (10,478)		
Appropriation Revenue Expenditures and Encumbrances: Salaries and Wages Other Personnel Cost Contractual Services	\$ 9,332,922 327,678 105,873 2,426,379	\$ 4,711,536 361,634 116,351 3,764,527	\$ 4,621,386 (33,956) (10,478) (1,338,148)		
Appropriation Revenue Expenditures and Encumbrances: Salaries and Wages Other Personnel Cost Contractual Services Minor Equipment Other Total Expenditures and Encumbrances	\$ 9,332,922 327,678 105,873 2,426,379 6,472,124	\$ 4,711,536 361,634 116,351 3,764,527 362,926	\$ 4,621,386 (33,956) (10,478) (1,338,148)		
Appropriation Revenue Expenditures and Encumbrances: Salaries and Wages Other Personnel Cost Contractual Services Minor Equipment Other	\$ 9,332,922 327,678 105,873 2,426,379 6,472,124 868	\$ 4,711,536 361,634 116,351 3,764,527 362,926 868	\$ 4,621,386 (33,956) (10,478) (1,338,148) 6,109,198		

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Capital Projects

For Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2015 and 2016

	Fiscal Year 2015	Fiscal Year 2016		
Revenues				
General Fund	<u> </u>	\$ 1,550,000		
Expenditures				
Capital Outlay	928,733	1,094,860		
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures	(928,733)	455,140		
Beginning Cash Balance	3,968,562_	3,039,828		
Ending Cash Balance	\$ 3,039,828	\$ 3,494,968		

Mayor's Office of Information Technology Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Grant Cash Balance For Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2015 and 2016

		<u>Fisca</u>	Year 2015				
	 sh Balance 7/1/2014	R	evenues	E	kpenditures		sh Balance /30/2015
Other Grants							
Administration	\$ (36,054)	\$		\$	-	\$	(36,054)
IT Infrastructure Support Services	8,200		-		28,800		(20,600)
Call Center Services	 (4,276,277)		-		4,077,263		(8,353,541)
Total revenues, expenditures and							
change in grant balances	\$ (4,304,131)	\$	-	_\$	4,106,063	\$	(8,410,195)
		<u>Fiscal</u>	Year 2016				
	 sh Balance 7/1/2015	R	evenues	Ex	penditures		sh Balance /30/2016
Other Grants	 				,		<u> </u>
Administration	\$ (36,054)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(36,054)
IT Infrastructure Support Services Call Center Services	 (20,600) (8,353,541)		10,710		3,738,368	(1	(9,890) (12,091,908)
Total revenues, expenditures and			<u> </u>				
change in grant balances	\$ (8,410,195)	\$	10,710	\$	3,738,368	\$ (1	12,137,852)

Mayor's Office of Information Technology Notes to the Financial Statements For Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2015 and 2016

1. Description of the Mayor's Office of Information Technology

The Mayor's Office of Information Technology (MOIT) is responsible for providing information technology leadership to the entire City, utilizing and leveraging information technology to enhance productivity, broaden the capabilities, and reduce the operating costs of Baltimore City government, thereby improving the quality and timeliness of services delivered to the citizenry. MOIT is responsible for Information Technology (IT) policy, standards, inter-agency synergy, and providing city government with an ample return on its IT investments, while delivering a robust, secure, metropolitan wide networked computing environment which supports both the internal needs of over 9,000 computer users. MOIT is also responsible for the development, implementation and continuing support of the CitiTrack Customer Service Request System which provides a universal, standardized, inter-agency call-intake and work order management methodology with a direct linkage to the CitiStat system and process. The CitiTrack system is the Customer Relations Management tool for the City's One Call Center which is also directly supported and managed by the agency. In July 2012, MOIT took over 911 and Police Dispatch under the first phase of moving toward a Unified Communications Center to improve efficiency. For fiscal year 2017, the Police Dispatch was moved to the Baltimore City Police Department and 911 was moved to the Baltimore City Fire Department.

2. Fund Financial Statements

The Agency's services are reported in the City's general and special revenue funds. The Agency annually receives appropriations from both the general and special revenue funds. The general fund appropriations expire at year end. The special revenue fund receives grants from the Federal, State and other sources. Appropriations for the special revenue fund do not expire at year end and continue until they are used for grant related expenditures. Due to these differences, the financial statements of the Agency's general fund activities are reported on a budgetary basis in the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditure, Encumbrances, and Changes in Fund Balance. The financial statement of the special revenue and capital project funds are reported in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Cash Balance.

3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the Agency are prepared on the cash basis of cash receipts and disbursements, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted

accounting principles. This basis of presentation differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) in that revenues are recognized when received rather than earned and expenses are recognized when paid rather than when the obligation is incurred. Specifically, the variances from GAAP include the mission of receivables and payables of the Agency, and such variances are presumed to be material. The accompanying financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

4. Budget Process

The Agency participates in the City of Baltimore's Outcome Based Budgeting process. Outcome Based Budgeting is a budget process that aligns resources with results produced. This budgeting tool integrates strategic planning, long-range financial planning and performance management, and is a recommended practice of the Government Finance Officers Association.

5. Risk Management

The City of Baltimore is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of; damage to; and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and members of the public; and natural disasters. The Agency is a chartered agency within the City of Baltimore municipal government; therefore, its exposure to various risks is managed by the City's Office of Risk Management.

6. Subsequent Events

No subsequent events have occurred that would require recognition or disclosure in the financial statements.